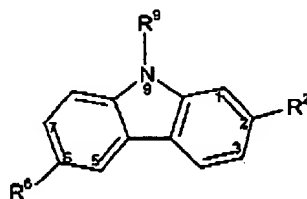


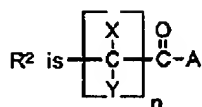
S/N 09/308955
Attorney Docket No. PC9808A**Amendments to the Claims:**

1. (Currently Amended) A method of treating or preventing pain and inflammation inflammatory processes and diseases associated with the activity of inducible cycle oxygenase-2 (COX-2) in a member of the species *Canis familiaris* in need of such treatment, while at the same time reducing or eliminating undesirable side effects associated with simultaneous inhibition of the activity of constitutive cycle oxygenase-1 (COX-1) by selectively inhibiting COX-2 activity with reference to COX-1 activity, wherein the selectivity ratio of COX-2 : COX-1 activity inhibition is at least 3 : 1 based on ex vivo inhibition levels in whole blood measured at a dose giving $\geq 80\%$ COX-2 inhibition, comprising administering to said member of the species *Canis familiaris* an amount therapeutically effective for treating pain and inflammation in accordance with the above-recited limitations, of an anti-inflammatory selective COX-2 inhibitory compound comprising a compound of the formula:



Formula (I)

wherein:



where A is hydroxy, (C₁ - C₄)alkoxy, amino, hydroxyamino, mono-(C₁-C₂)alkylamino, di-(C₁ - C₂)alkylamino; X and Y are independently H or (C₁ - C₂)alkyl; and n is 1 or 2;

R⁶ is halogen, (C₁ - C₃)alkyl, trifluoromethyl, or nitro;

R⁹ is H; (C₁ - C₂)alkyl; phenyl or phenyl-(C₁ - C₂)alkyl, where phenyl is optionally mono-substituted by fluoro or chloro; -C(=O)-R, where R is (C₁ - C₂)alkyl or phenyl, optionally mono-substituted by fluoro or chloro; or -C(=O)-O-R¹, where R¹ is (C₁ - C₂)alkyl;

where X and Y are different, the (-)(R) and (+)(S) enantiomers thereof; and all pharmaceutically acceptable salt forms, prodrugs and metabolites thereof which are therapeutically active for treating or preventing pain and inflammation, with the proviso that the compound is not 6-chloro- α -methyl-9H-carbazole-2-acetic acid.

2-3 (Cancelled)

4. (Currently Amended) A method of treating or preventing inflammatory processes and diseases as in Claim 1 further comprising wherein said inhibitory compound is used in combination with one or more other therapeutically active agents under the following conditions:

A. where a joint has become seriously inflamed as well as infected at the same time by bacteria, fungi, protozoa, and/or virus, said inhibitory compound is administered in combination with one or more antibiotic, antifungal, antiprotozoal, and/or antiviral therapeutic agents;

B. where a multi-fold treatment of pain and inflammation is desired, said inhibitory compound is administered in combination with inhibitors of other mediators of inflammation, comprising one or more members independently selected from the group consisting essentially of:

- PR
1. NSAIDs;
 2. H₁-receptor antagonists;
 3. kinin-B₁ - and B₂-receptor antagonists;
 4. prostaglandin inhibitors selected from the group consisting of PGD-, PGF-PGI₂ -, and PGE-receptor antagonists;
 5. thromboxane A₂ (TXA₂-) inhibitors;
 6. 5- and 12-lipoxygenase inhibitors;
 7. leukotriene LTC₄ -, LTD₄/LTE₄ -, and LTB₄ -inhibitors;
 8. PAF-receptor antagonists;
 9. gold in the form of an aurothio group together with one or more hydrophilic groups;
 10. immunosuppressive agents selected from the group consisting of cyclosporine, azathioprine, and methotrexate;
 11. anti-inflammatory glucocorticoids;
 12. penicillamine;
 13. hydroxychloroquine; and
 14. anti-gout agents including colchicine; xanthine oxidase inhibitors including allopurinol; and uricosuric agents selected from probenecid, sulfinpyrazone, and benzbromarone;

S/N 09/308955
Att mey Docket No. PC9808A

C. where older dogs are being treated for disease conditions, syndromes and symptoms found in geriatric dogs, said inhibitory compound is administered in combination with one or more member independently selected from the group consisting of:

1. cognitive therapeutics to counteract memory loss and impairment;
2. anti-hypertensives and other cardiovascular drugs intended to offset the consequences of atherosclerosis, hypertension, myocardial ischemia, angina, congestive heart failure, and myocardial infarction, selected from the group consisting of:

- a. diuretics;
- b. vasodilators;
- c. β -adrenergic receptor antagonists;
- d. angiotensin-II converting enzyme inhibitors (ACE-inhibitors), alone or optionally together with neutral endopeptidase inhibitors;

- e. angiotensin II receptor antagonists;

- f. renin inhibitors;

- g. calcium channel blockers;

- h. sympatholytic agents;

- i. α_2 -adrenergic agonists;

- j. α -adrenergic receptor antagonists; and

- k. HMG-CoA-reductase inhibitors or anti-hypercholester-oleemics;

3. antineoplastic agents selected from:

- a. antimitotic drugs selected from:

- i. vinca alkaloids selected from:

- [1] vinblastine, and

- [2] vincristine;

4. growth hormone secretagogues;

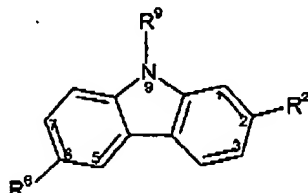
5. strong analgesics;

6. local and systemic anesthetics; and

7. H_2 -receptor antagonists, proton pump inhibitors, and other gastroprotective agents.

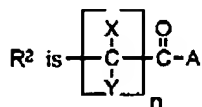
5-14 (Cancelled)

15. (Currently Amended) A method of preventing or alleviating pain and inflammation ~~inflammatory processes and diseases~~ in a member of the species *Canis familiaris* with reduced or no undesirable gastro-intestinal side effects normally associated with administration to said member of non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs, said member having been examined by a veterinarian practitioner and diagnosed as in need of such treatment ~~using a drug which selectively inhibits inducible cyclo-oxygenase-2 (COX-2) to prevent or alleviate said pain and inflammatory processes with substantially no inhibition of constitutive cyclo-oxygenase-1 (COX-1) to reduce or avoid said side effects~~, which comprises administering to said members of the species *Canis familiaris* that has been so examined and diagnosed an amount therapeutically effective to treat or prevent pain and inflammation with reduction in or avoidance of said side effects of a drug of the formula:



Formula (I)

wherein:



where A is hydroxy, (C₁ - C₄)alkoxy, amino, hydroxyamino, mono-(C₁ - C₂)alkylamino, di-(C₁ - C₂)alkylamino; X and Y are independently H or (C₁ - C₂)alkyl; and n is 1 or 2;

R⁶ is halogen, (C₁ - C₃)alkyl, trifluoromethyl, or nitro;

R⁹ is H; (C₁ - C₂)alkyl; phenyl or phenyl-(C₁ - C₂)alkyl, where phenyl is optionally mono-substituted by fluoro or chloro; -C(=O)-R, where R is (C₁ - C₂)alkyl or phenyl, optionally mono-substituted by fluoro or chloro; or -C(=O)-O-R¹, where R¹ is (C₁ - C₂)alkyl;

where X and Y are different, the (-)(R) and (+)(S) enantiomers thereof; and all pharmaceutically acceptable salt forms, prodrugs and metabolites thereof which are therapeutically active for treating or preventing pain and inflammation, with the proviso that said drug is not 6-chloro- α -methyl-9H-carbazole-2-acetic acid.

16. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 15 where the pain and inflammation is caused by osteoarthritis, and administration is once or twice daily by oral

S/N 09/308955
Attorney Docket No. PC9808A

administration of a caplet, chewable tablet, or suspension containing from 25 to 100 mg of said drug.

17. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 15 where the pain and inflammation is caused by osteoarthritis, and administration is once or twice daily by injection containing from 25 to 100 mg of said drug.

18. (Cancelled)

19. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 48 1 where the pain and inflammation is caused by osteoarthritis, and administration is once or twice daily by oral administration of a caplet, chewable tablet, or suspension containing from 25 to 100 mg of said drug.

20. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 48 1 where the pain and inflammation is caused by osteoarthritis, and administration is once or twice daily by injection containing from 25 to 100 mg of said drug.

21. (Cancelled)

22. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 24 4 where the pain and inflammation is caused by osteoarthritis, and administration is once or twice daily by oral administration of a caplet, chewable tablet, or suspension containing from 25 to 100 mg of said drug.

23. (Currently Amended) The method according to claim 24 4 where the pain and inflammation is caused by osteoarthritis, and administration is once or twice daily by injection containing from 25 to 100 mg of said drug.

24-33 (Cancelled)

34-36 (Withdrawn)